

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name UNI-B CI-4/SL 15W40

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name	TRU-BLU OIL AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address	6 Dunlop Court, Bayswater, Victoria, AUSTRALIA, 3153
Telephone	(03) 9720 4400
Fax	(03) 9720 5821
Emergency	0412 609 722
Email	technical@trubluoil.com.au
Web Site	http://www.trubluoil.com.au/
Use(s)	Engine Oil Lubricant
SDS Date	5 th March 2024

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available information, this material is not classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia GHS 7.

Poison Schedule: Not Applicable

DANGEROUS GOOD CLASSIFICATION

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content	
No Reportable Hazardous Substance	Not Available	Not Available	>80%	
Additives	Not Available	Not Available	<18%	
Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate	Not Available	Trade Secret	<1%	
No Reportable Hazardous Substance(s) or complex Substance(s)				

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition
Fire and Explosion	n Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Extinguishing	Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.
Hazchem Code	None Allocated

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SpillageUse personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area
where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbant
material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

- StorageStore in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, heat
or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from
physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage
areas should have appropriate fire protection systems. Store as a Class C2 Combustible
Liquid (AS1940).
- HandlingBefore use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to
avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing
hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Mineral oil mist	SWA (AUS)		5 mg/m3		
Mineral Oil Mist	SWA (AUS)		5 mg/m3		

Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

EngineeringAvoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical
extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended
exposure standard.

PPEWear splash-proof goggles and PVC or rubber gloves. When using large quantities or where
heavy contamination is likely, wear: coveralls. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear: a Type A
(Organic vapour) respirator. With prolonged use, wear: viton (R) or nitrile gloves and
coveralls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	AMBER COLOURED LIQUID	Solubility (Water)	INSOLUBLE
Odour	CHARACTERISTIC ODOUR	Specific Gravity	0.878 to 0.89
pH	NOT RELEVANT	% Volatiles	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour Pressure	NOT AVAILABLE	Flammability	CLASS C2
Vapour Density Boiling Point Melting Point Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE 13.0 to 19.0 cSt @ 100°C	Flash Point Upper Explosion Limit Lower Explosion Limit	COMBUSTIBLE >210°C NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended conditions of storage.
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Material to Avoid	Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. Hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), alkalis (eg. hydroxides), heat and ignition sources.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Reactions Polymerization is not expected to occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary	Low toxicity. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. The mineral oil contained within this product is highly refined and therefore is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity in humans (IARC Group3).
Eye	Low to moderate irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.
Inhalation	Low irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing.
Skin	Low irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation, rash and dermatitis.
Ingestion	Low toxicity. Ingestion of large quantities may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, and drowsiness. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.
Toxicity	Data No LD50 data available for this product.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment	t Mineral oils biodegrade slowly and should not be released to waterways or soil. They float on water, restricting oxygen exchange with possible asphyxiation of aquatic life.		
Ecotoxicity	Not classified as dangerous to the aquatic environment.		
Persistence / Degradability	Expected to be inherently biodegradable.		
Mobility	Low solubility and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.		

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Reuse where possible or return to the manufacturer/supplier. May be recycled. Do not release to drains or waterways. Contact the manufacturer for additional information.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name	None Allocated	Packing Group	None Allocated	Hazchem Code	None Allocated
UN No.	None Allocated	DG Class	None Allocated	Subsidiary	None Allocated
				Risks(s)	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information

The additives in this product include zinc alkyldithiophosphate (68649-42-3) and tetra propenyl phenol.

MINERAL OILS - SOLVENT REFINED; Animal experiments and human experience have not shown cancer risks when handling solvent refined mineral oils, unlike non refined mineral oils. CLEANING MINERAL OIL CONTAMINATED CLOTHING; Cleaners are advised that when cleaning oil contaminated clothing it is essential that freshly distilled solvent is used for each batch, including final rinse, as even filtered solvent will leave oil residues.

MINERAL OILS - USED; Used mineral oils in engine crankcases and other high temperature/high stress environments may contain potentially harmful residues, some of which have been shown to cause irreversible skin effects, including cancer. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of mists associated with used mineral oils may result in pulmonary fibrosis.

MINERAL OILS - INJECTION; Where high pressure applications are used the risk of accidental injection under the skin exists and may result in an extremely painful and serious injury requiring immediate medical attention. Depending on the pressure used, mineral oils may be injected a considerable distance below the skin and may cause permanent tissue damage. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. EXERCISE EXTREME CARE WHEN USING HIGH PRESSURE EQUIPMENT.

ABBREVIATIONS: ADB - Air-Dry Basis. BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s) CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds. CNS - Central Nervous System. EC No - European Community Number. IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer. M - moles per litre, a unit of concentration. mg/m3 - Milligrams per cubic metre. NOS - Not Otherwise Specified. NTP - National Toxicology Program. OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration. pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). ppm - Parts Per Million. RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a SDS which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that the end user will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this SDS is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered by the end user before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

REPORT STATUS:

This SDS has been prepared by Tru-Blu Oil using the most current information available at the time of issuing. Tru-Blu Oil accepts no liability (as lawfully allowed) for any loss, injury or damage which may have been suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on information that is contained in this SDS.

SDS Date: 5th February 2024

End of SDS